



Key Learning in History: Years 3 and 4

Chronology	Events, People and Changes	Communication
<p>Show their increasing knowledge and understanding of the past by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using specialist dates and terms, and by placing topics studied into different periods (<i>century, decade, Roman, Egyptian, BC, AD...</i>). Making <i>some</i> links between and across periods, such as the differences between clothes, food, buildings or transport. Identifying where some periods studied fit into a chronological framework by noting connections, trends and contrasts over time. 	<p>Be able to describe some of the main events, people and periods they have studied by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding <i>some</i> of the ways in which people's lives have shaped this nation. Describing how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world. Understanding some significant aspects of history – nature of ancient civilisations; expansion of empires; characteristic features of non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. When doing this they should use specialist terms like <i>settlement, invasion</i> and vocabulary linked to chronology. Produce structured work that makes some connections, draws some contrasts, frame historically-valid questions involving thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information using appropriate dates and terms.
Enquiry, Interpretation and Using Sources		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand <i>some</i> of the methods of historical enquiry, and how evidence is used to make detailed observations, finding answers to questions about the past. Use <i>some</i> sources to start devising historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. Understand some of the methods of historical enquiry, how evidence is used to make historical claims. Use sources as a basis for research from which they will begin to use information as evidence to test hypotheses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify some of the different ways in which the past can be represented, and that different versions of the past such as an event <i>may</i> exist (<i>artist's pictures, museum displays, written sources</i>). Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of different sources and that different versions of past events may exist, giving some possible reasons for this. 	